IN THE COURT OF A PFEAL FOR SIFTRA LECVE

CORAM:-

HON. MR. JUSTICE N.O. ADOPHY

JUITE | OF APPLIAT (PREST 1 10)

HON . MR . JUSTICE A.D. TIMBO

_ JUSTICE OF API AL

HON . MRS . JUSTICE V.A .D . WRIGHT

JUSTICE CF AT LAL

BETWEEN:-

AMADU JUANA SHITH

APPELLEAT

V3.

THE STATE

RESI II

D.P.P. With Him Miss. Atiba-Davies, for the State - Poppendent Mr. A.K.A. Barber, for the Appellant.

JUDGMENT DELIVERED THIS 31ST DAY OF JANUARY, 1994

a charge of Murder in that they on the 4th day of October 1000 at lieba Villin the Southern Province of the Republic of Sierra Leone murdered Parahim R

The trial was held at the Bo High Court, the appellant was convicted a sentenced to death by Nationalor J. The reach of the accused persons equitte and discharged. The appellant appealed to this Court against the equicities

On the 26th of May 1993 at the hearing of the appeal before us learned counsel assigned to argo this appeal on behalf of the appellant sought leave to amend the ground (s) of appeal dated 2nd May 1992 by substituting those contained in the amended grounds dated 12th May 1993. Objections to this application was raised but on the 30th June 1993, Niss Aviba-Davies informed the Court that the Learned Director of Public Prosecutions now wisless to abandon his objection. Thereupon learned sounsel for the appellant litimate the Court that he has since filed furth medditional ground of apply the Leave was accordingly sought and obtained to the additional ground field 22: June 1993.

Thereafter learned counsel for the appellant elected to argue around 3 which is 3. "That the trial is a nullity on the ground that the appellant of take his plea," submitting therefron, that the appellant not having taken his plea together with the other four accused persons who were acquitted and disting trial is a nullity.

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He therefore implored the Court that appellant be not retried. Relied on the case of Mohamed Bangura v The State Cr. App. 4/86 by Short . Miss Atiba-Decess in her reply said inter alia that having gone through the original encords of the High Court she was satisfied that the plea of the appellant was not recorded, conceded to the submission of learned counsel for the appellant but urged the court to order that the appellant be retried.

On our careful perusal of the records in the High Court as well as the typed records of the court, we were altogether satisfied that the relid record bear out the truth of the findings of both learned counsel.

This appeal has inevitably made it altogether necessary for recourse to be had by this court to what is otherwise regarded and accepted the very look principle in Criminal Procedure. It has always been recognised and accepted that the arraignment of an accused person against whom an indiction, has been preferred and signed consists of three mosts firstly calling the consed to bar by name, secondly reading the indiction to him and thirdly soling him whether he is guilty or not guilty.

Accordingly as soon as the indictment has been read to the accorded, the Registrar or other 0.1 Lor 1.10 count ands of him "Now may yet, are yet guilty or not guilty". Section 132 of the Criminal Procedure Act No. 32 of 1965 thus provide, "A person to be tried a any indictment shall be placed the bar unfettered, unless the court ahall see cause otherwise to a der, as shall be 1000 there to him by the egistrar or other Officer the indictment or charge/of the court and explained if need be by the Officer or the interpreter of the court and such erson shall be required for the little to 1000 the court and such erson shall be required for the little to 1000 the shall object to the want of such service and the court of that he has not been duly served Sharewith".

There should be no ambiguity in the plea and the arraignment Plereford not complete till the accused has pleaded and his plea recorded to ordingly. The plea of the accused is of such importance to the trial procedure that it has always been held that without it the court cannot exercise is jurisdiction to try the accused and a purported trial in the absence of a plea is null and void. See Mensus viche epublic (1971) 201830 C.C.P. v The lagos (1962) 1 "GIR 127. May I observe however that though these places we summary trials yet it has never been in doubt that the principle should be same. It is also necessary to note that the plea and all disputes connect with it are dealt with by the Judge alone irrespective of whether the trial to be with jury.

As said before in this judgement we are totally convinced and satisfied that neither was the appellant's plea taken nor was it ever recorded. Accordingly we have no hesitation in arriving at the decision that the purported trial of the appellant was a nullity and we therefore order that the appellant Amadu Juana Smith be retried.

That learned counsel who appear in our Courts should never in such courts lease sight of or be indifferent to the principle that they too are "Min store of Justice." It has always been said that even in the face of a mission attion it is proper and desirable that learned counsel should draw the attention. The judge to the misdirection. See Edmund Thomas Scuthgate 47 Cr. App. 252. Fallimore and the summing up used the word "justify" as several occasions. At the end of the summing up, counsel draw the judge's attention to the use of the word and submitted that it was a deporture from the Language of Section 8 of the Homicide Act 1957. The judge accepted the submission and then directed the judy that justify was not the correct word. Edmund Davies L.J. in giving the judgement of the court said in the opinion of the court counsel had in the circumstances adopted a scale of the hard acceptedable and desirable.

If counsel (for the presecution or the defence) had but drawn the attent of the trial judge or to include case the apparent omission it should have been recognised and corrected in limite. That simple, straight forward and inexpensive act would have obtained what today amounts to and is looked upon as legal excursion, the other futility.

Therefore:-

Trial of Amadu Juana Smith
Bo High Court
- Nullity

Order - Amadu Juana Smith

Be Retried on charge : order of Ibrahim khan.

(Sgd) Hon. Mr. Justice M.O. Adophy

(Sgd) Hon. Mr. Justice A.J. Timbo

Justice of Appeal

(Sgd) Hon. Mrs. Justice V.A.D. Wright

Justice of Appeal